

INFO5002: Intro to Python for Info Sys

Debugging



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We make mistakes

- In fact the first time you write code there will be problems.
- These bugs, we need a way to hunt them down.
- Debugging!



2 Main Techniques

- 1) Validating intermediate variables states with **printing**.
- 2) Using purpose built **debugger**.

Printing

- Sometimes printing the state of variables at a given moment can help spot bugs.

```
def find_largest(numbers):  
    largest = 0  
    for num in numbers:  
        if num > largest:  
            largest = num  
    return largest
```

```
# Test case
```

```
print(find_largest([-10, -5, -20]))
```

→ 0

Adding print statements

```
def find_largest(numbers):
    largest = 0
    print("Initial largest:", largest)
    for num in numbers:
        print("Checking number:", num)
        if num > largest:
            print(f"{num} is greater
                  than {largest} → updating largest")
            largest = num
        else:
            print(f"{num} is not greater than {largest}")
    return largest

# Test case
print("Result:", find_largest([-10, -5, -20]))
```

```
Initial largest: 0
Checking number: -10
-10 is not greater
than 0
Checking number: -5
-5 is not greater
than 0
Checking number: -20
-20 is not greater
than 0
Result: 0
```

Using Python pdb

```
def find_largest(numbers):  
    largest = 0  
    for num in numbers:  
        breakpoint()  
        if num > largest:  
            largest = num  
    return largest  
  
# Test case  
print(find_largest([-10, -5, -20]))
```

```
python main.py
```

```
→ breakpoint()  
(Pdb) p largest  
0  
(Pdb) p num  
-10  
(Pdb) p num > largest  
False  
(Pdb) n  
→ if num > largest:  
(Pdb) n  
→ for num in numbers:  
(Pdb) p num  
-10  
(Pdb) n  
→ breakpoint()  
(Pdb) p num  
-5  
(Pdb) n  
→ if num > largest:  
(Pdb) n  
→ for num in numbers:  
(Pdb) c  
→ breakpoint()  
(Pdb) p num  
-20  
(Pdb) c  
0
```

Common debugger commands

- **n** (next): go to next line of current function.
- **s** (step): go to very next line (if function call → go inside).
- **p** *expression*: prints the expression (vars included).
- **c** (continue): go to the next breakpoint.
- And so much more you can use from the [docs](#).
 - <https://docs.python.org/3/library/pdb.html>

Let's practice

- Try to solve the bug in the following code which you can find on canvas.

```
def find_max(nums):  
    max_val = nums[0]  
    for i in range(1, len(nums) - 1):  
        if nums[i] > max_val:  
            max_val = nums[i]  
    return max_val
```

And some more

```
def repeat_message(message, times):  
    return message * times  
  
msg = input("Enter a message: ")  
count = input("How many times? ")  
print(repeat_message(msg, count))
```

```
def sum_even(numbers):  
    total = 0  
    for num in numbers:  
        if num % 2 == 1:  
            total += num  
    return total
```

```
print("Sum of even numbers:", sum_even([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]))
```